NATIONAL PROGRESS REPORT
ON CONCRETE ACTIONS TAKEN
SINCE THE FIRST NUCLEAR SECURITY SUMMIT 2010
- ALGERIA - ¹

As of March 2012

I- Ratifications:

1. Algeria has ratified all International Legal Instruments relevant to Nuclear Security in particular, those mentioned in the 2010 Washington Summit Final Communiqué and Work Plan, namely, the 2005 Amendment to the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material (CPPNM) and the International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism (ICSANT).

2. Algeria also completed the process of ratification of all related International Legal Instruments such as the United Nations Conventions on combating terrorism, organized crime, corruption and money laundering.

II- Legislation:

1. Algeria has adopted several laws related to combating all forms of terrorism, financing of terrorism, illicit trafficking of CBRN materials, corruption and money laundering (see website: www.joradp.dz).

III- Regulations: Algeria has also started up-dating its regulations to strengthen nuclear security, in particular, in the area of export control of dual-use materials, (texts available on website: www.joradp.dz)

IV- National and Regional Capacity-building Actions:

1. Algeria has established a Nuclear Security Training and Support Centre (Centre of Excellence) in 2011, and supports networking between CoEs in different countries and regions. The Centre established in Algeria was provided with an initial budget allocation of $01 million. This Centre of Excellence will contribute to enhancing capacity-building and regional and international collaboration.

2. During 2010-2011, the training programmes for Customs and Border Police personals were enhanced, including those carried out with the support of the United States of America.

¹ For the seek of conciseness, this National Progress Report includes only concrete actions undertaken since the first NSS (2010) and do not include future scheduled actions.
V- **International Cooperation and Coordinating Mechanisms:**

1. Algeria is actively contributing to the implementation of IAEA programmes on nuclear security and has, inter-alia, adopted the Code of Conduct on the Safety and Security of Radioactive Sources as well as its supplementary document on the IAEA Guidance on the Import and Export of Radioactive Sources. Algeria is a funding member of the International Network for Training and Support Centres, created under the auspices of the IAEA on the 2nd February 2012.

2. Algeria recently took the decision to adhere to the Global Initiative to Combat Nuclear Terrorism (GICNT). This decision was officially notified to the co-Chairs of the GICNT on the 16th of February 2012.

3. Algeria has been hosting, since August 2011, the North-Africa-and-Sahel Regional Secretariat of the EU-CBRN threat reduction Centre of Excellence (EU CBRN-CoE), in collaboration with the United Nations (see website: www.cbrn-coe.eu). In this capacity, it is coordinating several cooperative projects in the area of capacity-building to enhance nuclear security and CBRN safety and security at the national, regional and international level.

4. Algeria shares information on the illicit trafficking of nuclear and radiological materials by participating in the IAEA ITDB and NUSEC. It implements nuclear security measures, including transport security measures, in accordance with the INFCIRC/225/Rev.5. In particular, Algeria developed a GPS-based real-time monitoring system of sensitive materials in transport.


6. As an additional House gift for the Second Nuclear Security Summit, Algeria has produced a video entitled “Algerian contribution to enhancing nuclear security worldwide”, which will be broadcasted on the margins of the Seoul Summit.